APPENDIX C

FOREST COVER TYPE DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Forest Cover Types	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Definition</u>
Jack Pine	PJ	Jack pine comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. In mixed pine stands, jack pine is predominant.
Red Pine	PR	Red pine comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. In mixed pine stands, red pine is predominant.
White Pine	PW	White pine comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. In mixed pine stands, white pine is predominant.
White Spruce	SW	White spruce comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands.
Balsam Fir	FB	Balsam fir comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. In mixed swamp conifer stands, balsam fir is predominant.
Black Spruce	SB	Black spruce comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. In mixed swamp conifer stands, black spruce is predominant.
Tamarack	Т	Tamarack comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. In mixed swamp conifer stands, tamarack is predominant.
White Cedar	С	White cedar comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. In mixed swamp conifer stands, white cedar is predominant.

Wisconsin Silviculture Guide

Hemlock	Н	Hemlock comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands.
Northern Hardwood	NH	Any combination of sugar maple, beech, basswood, white ash, and yellow birch comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands.
Central Hardwood	CH	Any combination of oaks, hickories, elms, black cherry, hackberry, red maple, white ash, green ash, basswood, and sugar maple, which does not satisfy the defining criteria for NH, MR, or O cover types. The CH type occurs only on uplands within and south of the Tension Zone (southern Wisconsin).
Black Walnut	W	Black walnut comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands.
Oak	0	Oak comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands.
White Birch	BW	White Birch comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands.
Aspen	Α	Aspen comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands.
Red Maple	MR	Red Maple comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. If soil is poorly drained, then swamp hardwood.
Swamp Hardwood	SH	Any combination of black ash, green ash, red maple, silver maple, swamp white oak, and American elm comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. This type occurs on wetlands characterized by periodic inundation (fluctuating water table near or above the soil surface) and nearly permanent subsurface water flow.

Wisconsin Silviculture Guide

Bottomland Hardwood BH Any combination of silver maple, green ash, swamp

white oak, American elm, river birch, and cottonwood comprises 50% or more of the basal area in sawtimber and poletimber stands, or 50% or more of the stems in sapling and seedling stands. Hardwood dominated forests occurring

on floodplains and some terraces.

Miscellaneous Deciduous MD Hardwood forests dominated by uncommon or exotic

species; e.g. box elder, honey locust, black locust, Norway

maple.

Miscellaneous Coniferous MC Conifer forests dominated by uncommon or exotic

species; e.g. Eastern red cedar, Scotch pine, Norway

spruce, European Larch.